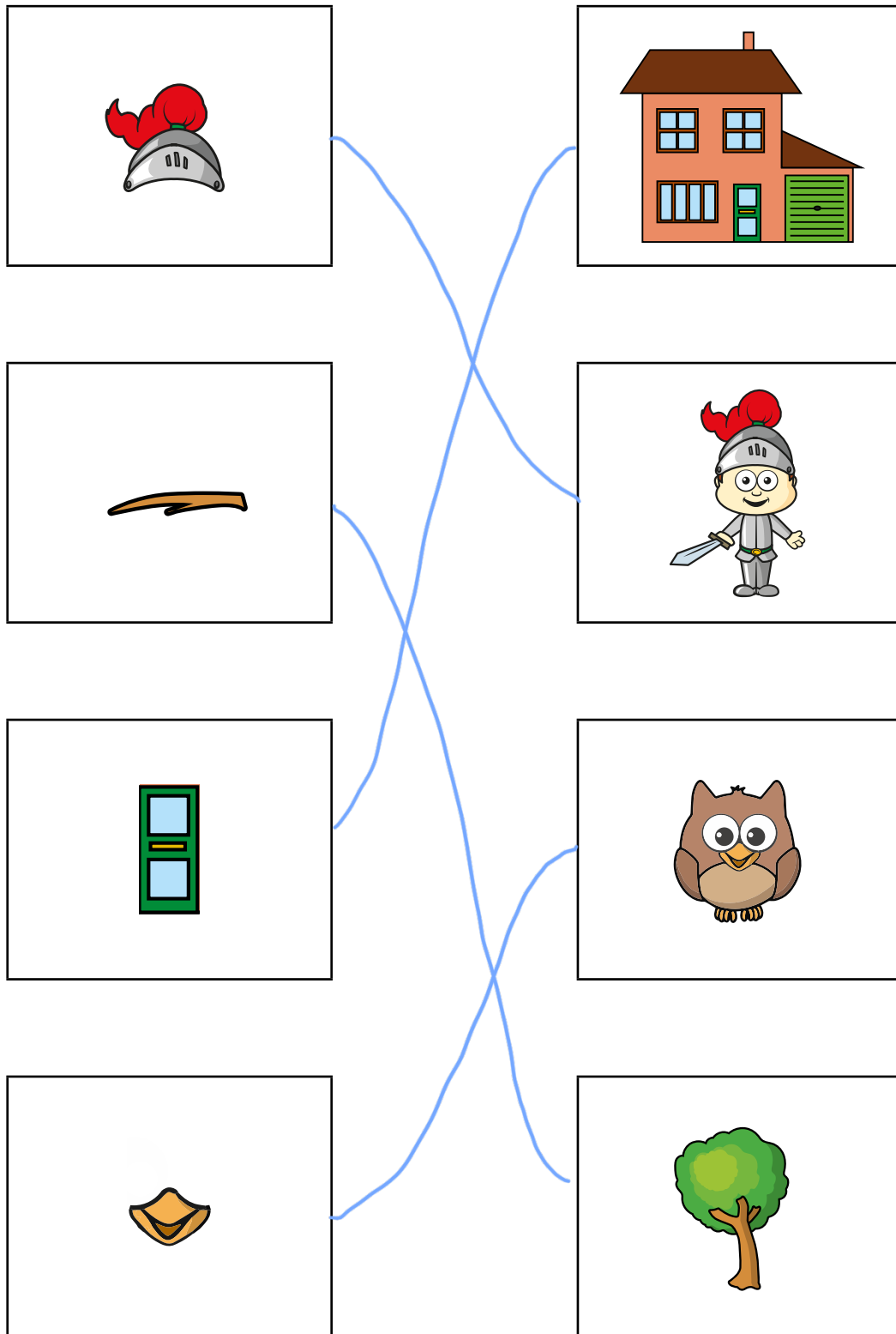
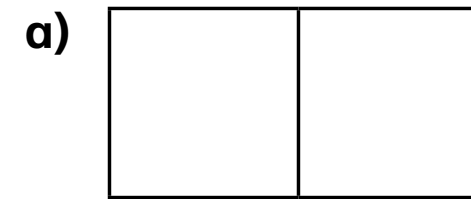


# Make equal parts

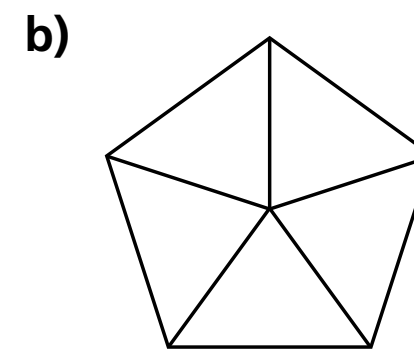
1 Match the part to the whole.



2 Complete the sentences.

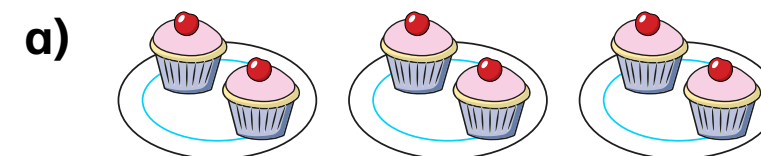


There are  equal parts.



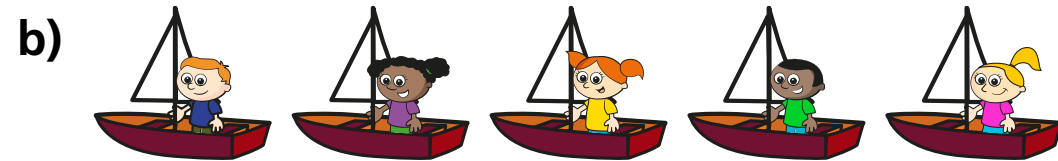
There are  equal parts.

3 Complete the sentences.



There are  equal groups.

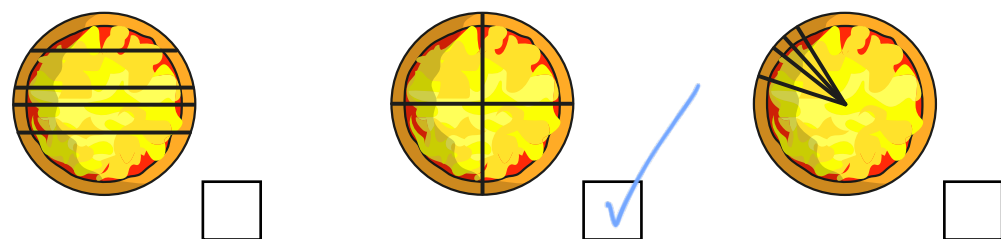
Each group has  cakes.



There are 5 equal groups.

Each group has 1 child.

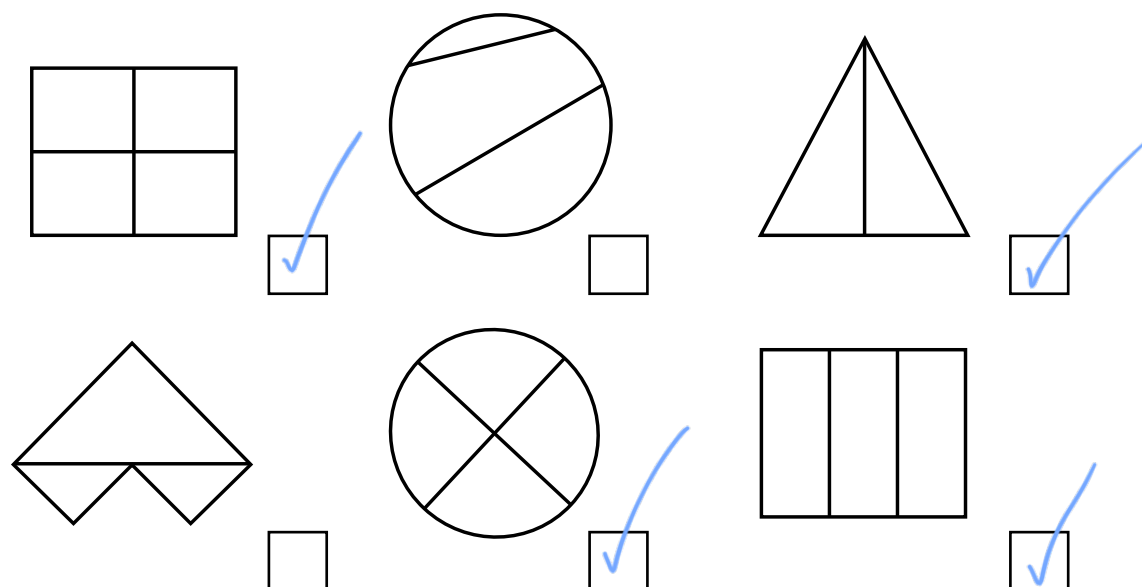
- 4 Tick the pizza that has been split into equal parts.



- 5 How do you know the loaf of bread is not in equal parts?



- 6 Tick the shapes that show equal parts.

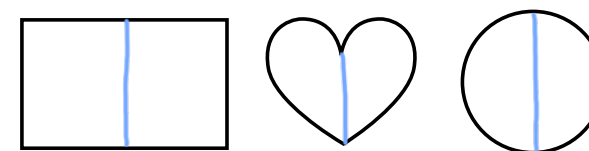


- 7 Take 12 counters.

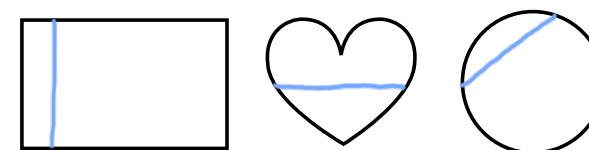
- a) Show that you can make 2 equal groups.  
b) Show that you cannot make 5 equal groups.  
What other equal groups can you make?

- 8 Draw lines to split the shapes.

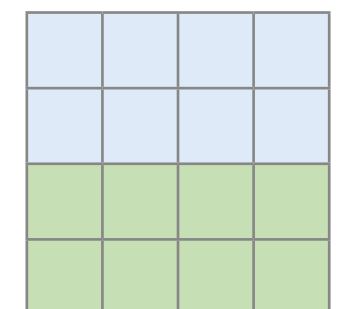
- a) Split each shape into 2 equal parts.



- b) Split each shape into 2 parts that are not equal.

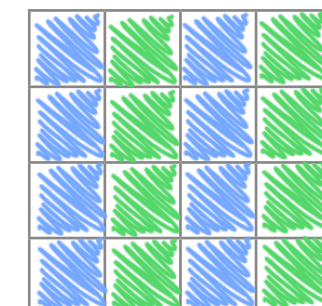
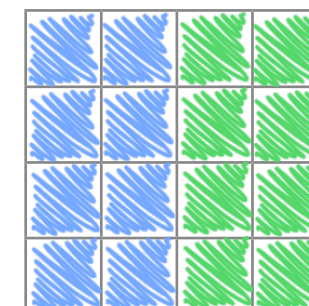


- 9 Here is one way to colour the square to show equal parts.



Find two more ways to colour the square to show equal parts.

e.g.



# Recognise a half

1 Complete the sentences.

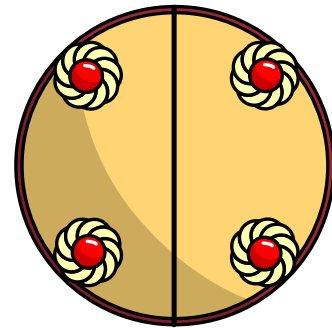
The whole cake is split into

2 equal parts.

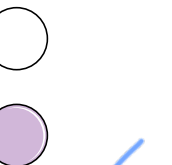
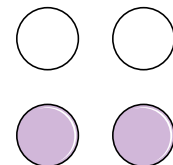
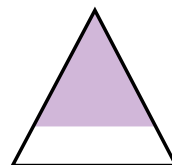
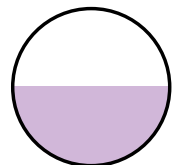
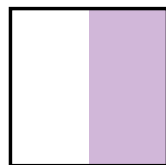
Each part is worth a half.

This can be written as

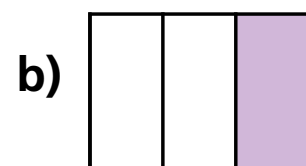
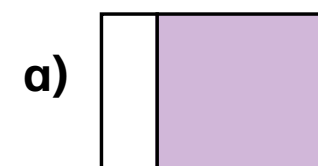
$\frac{1}{2}$



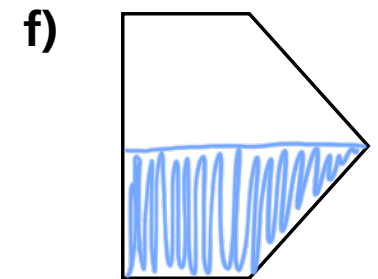
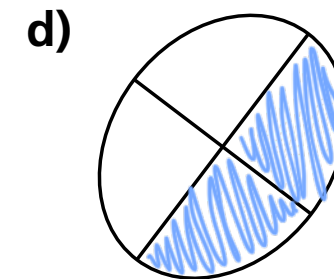
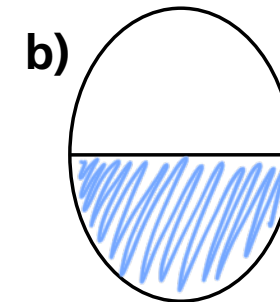
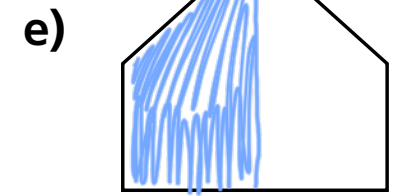
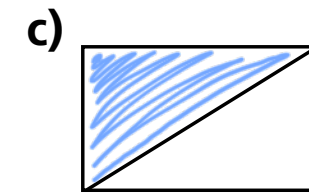
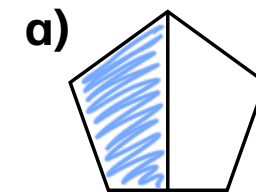
2 Tick the diagrams that have one half shaded.



3 Is  $\frac{1}{2}$  of each shape shaded? How do you know?



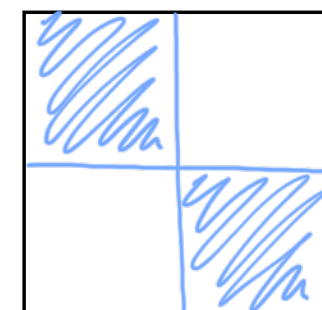
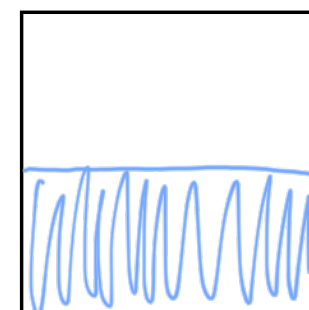
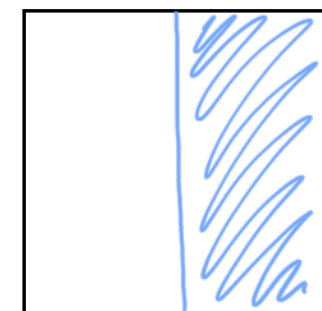
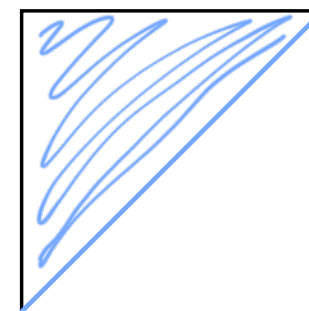
4 Colour  $\frac{1}{2}$  of each shape.



5 Colour  $\frac{1}{2}$  of each square.

Show four different ways.

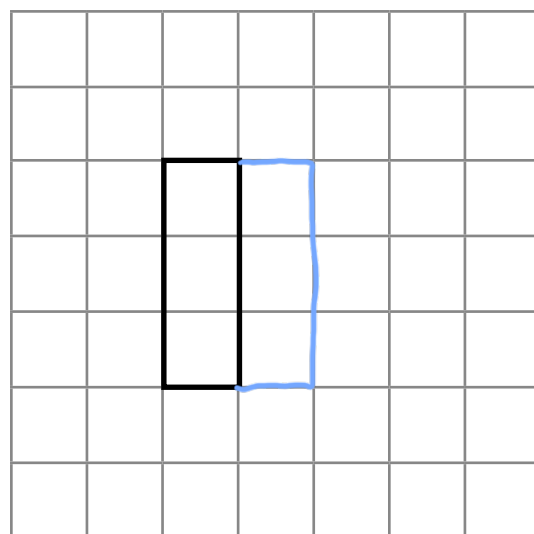
e.g.



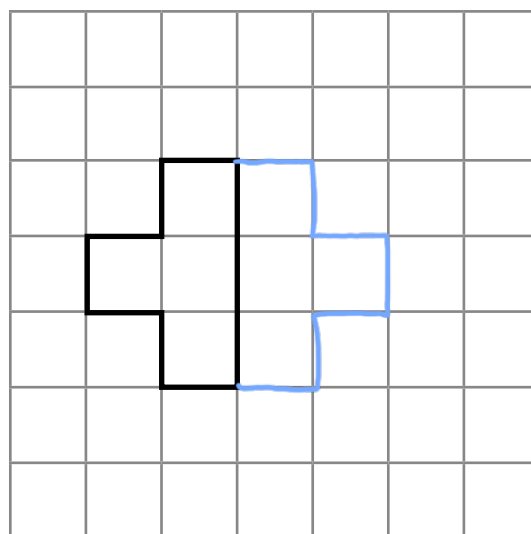
- 6 Only  $\frac{1}{2}$  of each shape has been drawn.

Draw the missing half to make the whole.

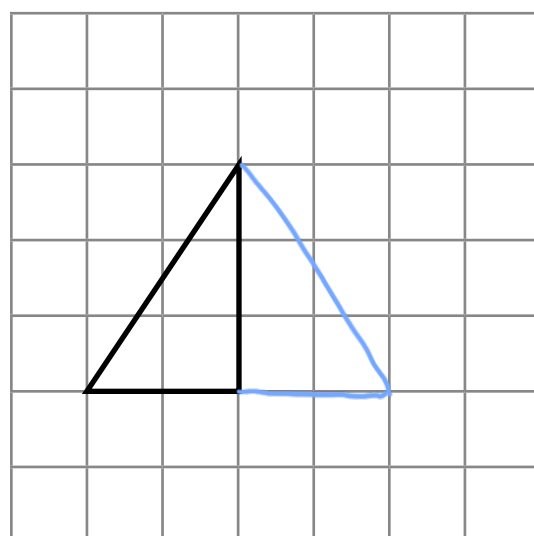
a)



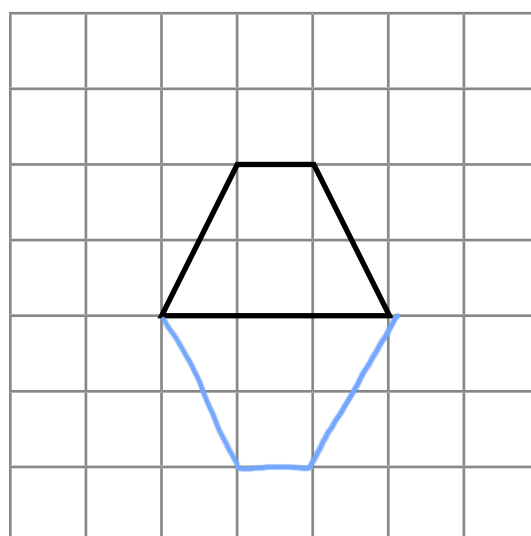
c)



b)



d)



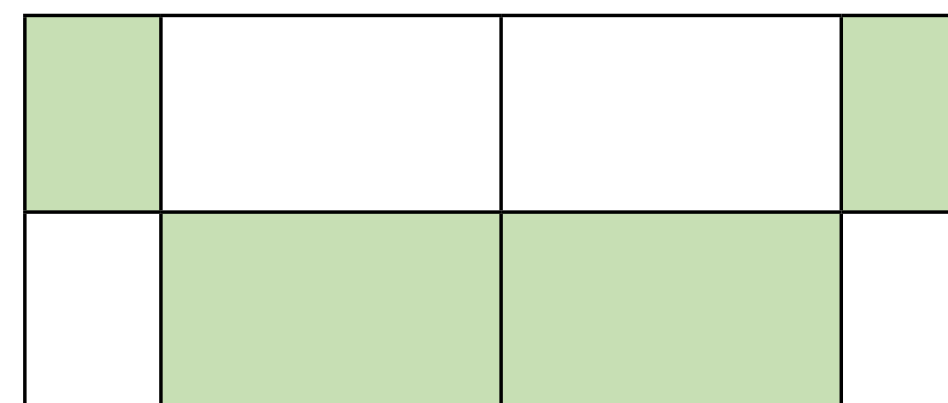
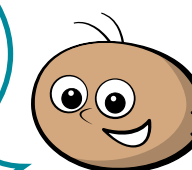
- 7 Draw a cross halfway along each line.

a) \_\_\_\_\_

b) \_\_\_\_\_

8

The shaded part of this shape does not show a half because the shape is not split into 2 equal parts.



a) Is Tommy correct? No

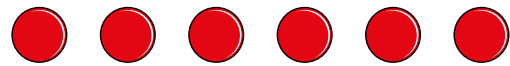
b) How do you know?

Talk about it with a partner.



# Find a half

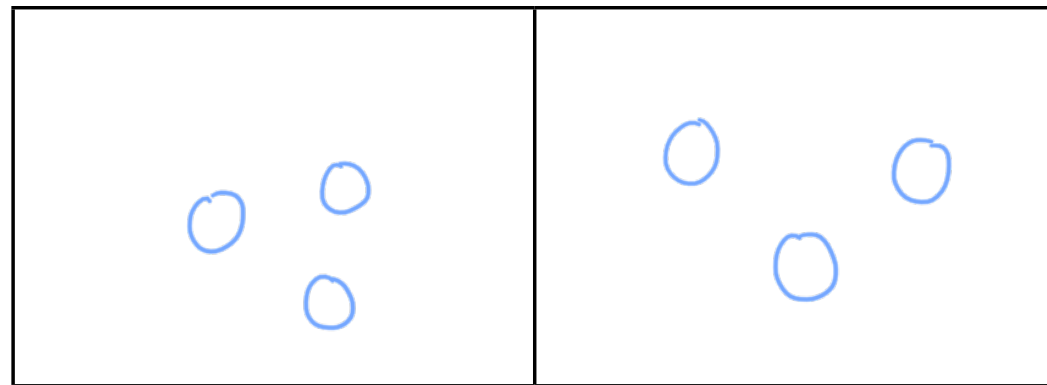
1 Here are 6 counters.



a) Share the counters into 2 equal groups.

Group 1

Group 2



b) Complete the sentences.

There are 6 counters.

The counters are shared equally between

2 groups.

There are 3 counters in each group.

$\frac{1}{2}$  of 6 is equal to 3

2 Use counters.

a) Can you share 10 counters into 2 equal groups?

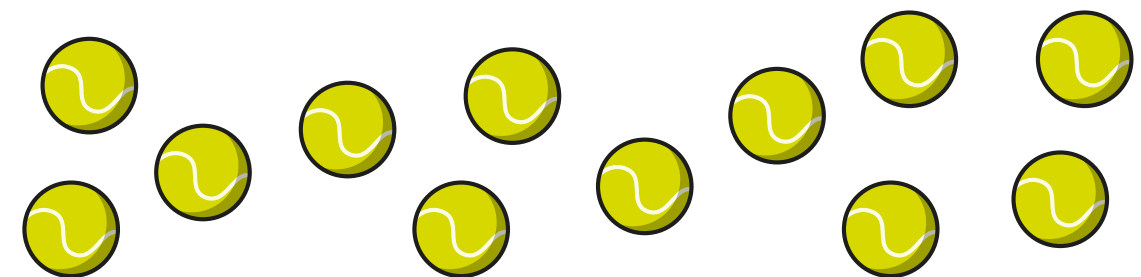
Yes

b) Can you share 11 counters into 2 equal groups?

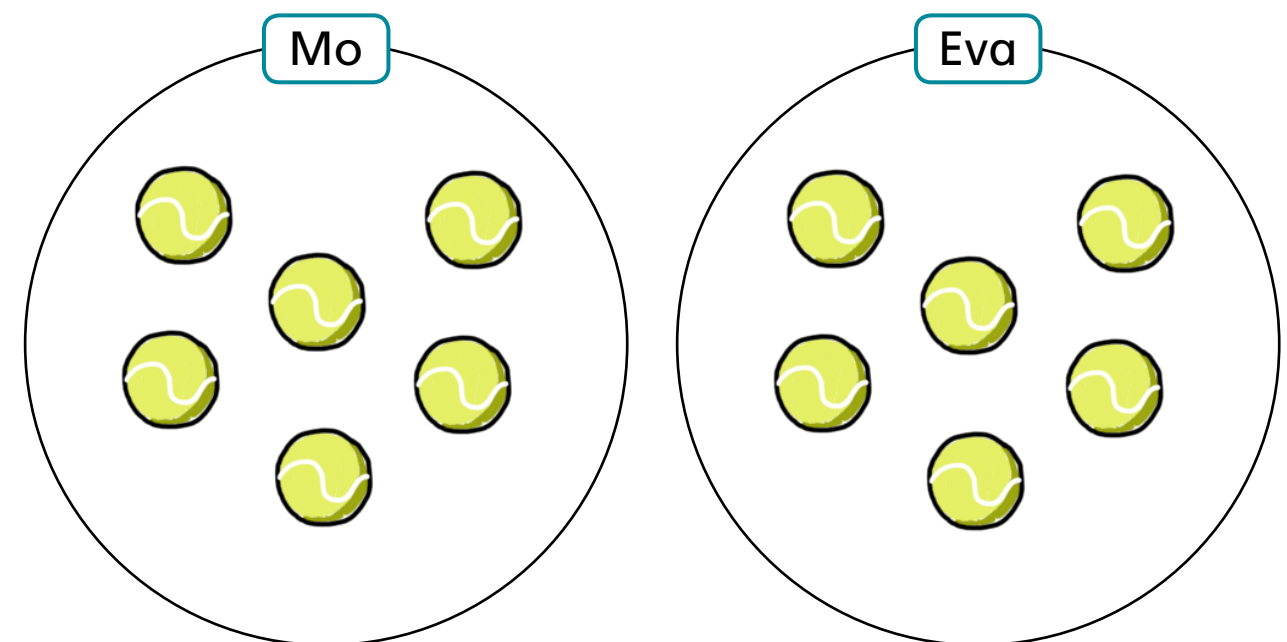
No

Talk about it with a partner.

3 Mo and Eva have 12 tennis balls.

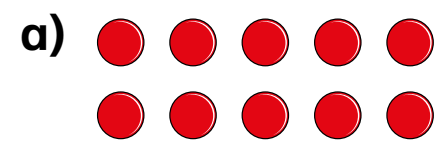


Share the tennis balls equally between Mo and Eva.

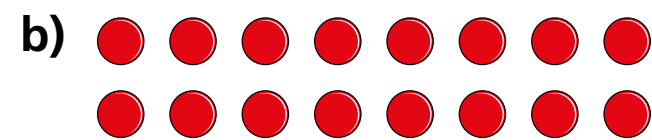


- 4 Find  $\frac{1}{2}$  of each number.

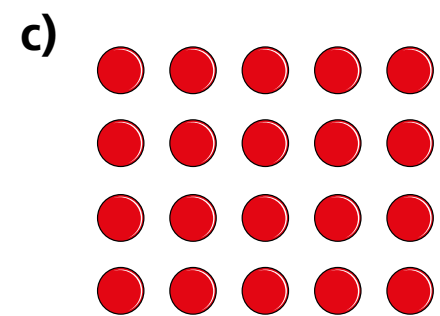
Use the arrays to help you.



$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 10 = \boxed{5}$$

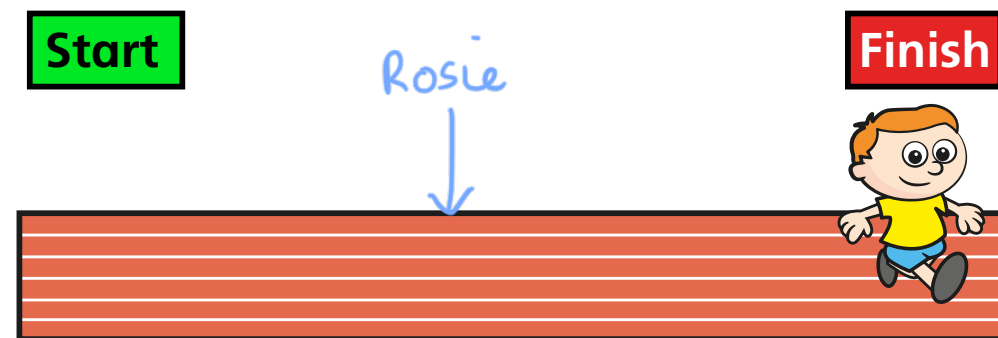


$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 16 = \boxed{8}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 20 = \boxed{10}$$

- 5 Ron has run 20 m.



Rosie has run half that distance.

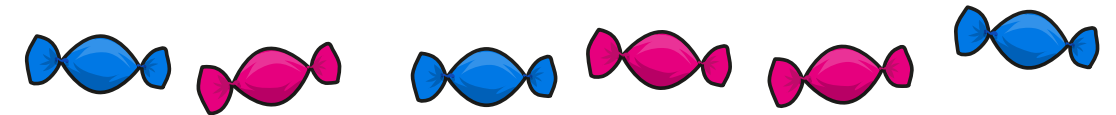
- a) Draw an arrow on the running track to show where Rosie is.

- a) How far has Rosie run?

$$\boxed{10} \text{ m}$$



- 6 Here are half of Annie's sweets.



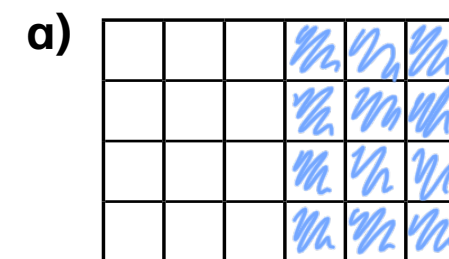
How many sweets does Annie have in total?

$$\boxed{12}$$

Compare answers with a partner.

- 7 Colour  $\frac{1}{2}$  of each shape.

Use the shapes to help you complete the number sentences.



$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \boxed{24} = \boxed{12}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \boxed{18} = \boxed{9}$$

- 8 Complete the number sentences.

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \boxed{20} = 10$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \boxed{14} = 7$$





# Recognise a quarter

1 Use the words to complete the sentences.

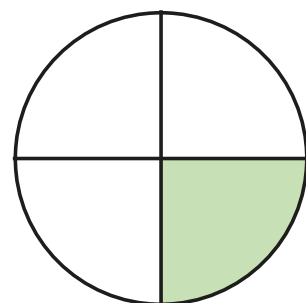
quarter

equal

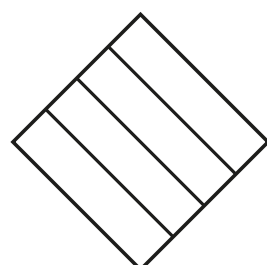
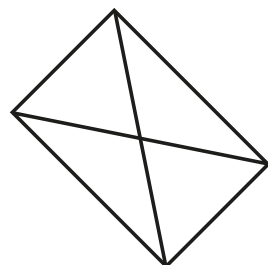
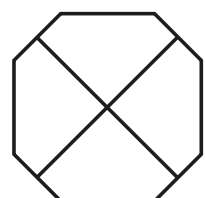
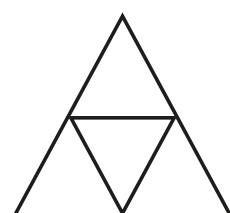
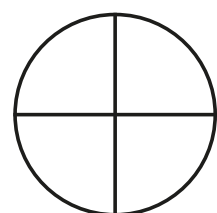
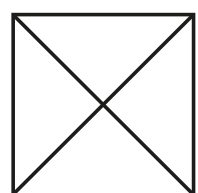
The shape has been split into  
4 \_\_\_\_\_ parts.

One of the 4 equal parts is called  
a \_\_\_\_\_.

This can be written as  $\frac{1}{4}$



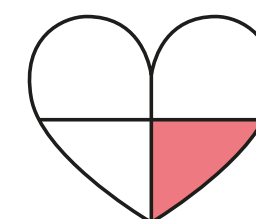
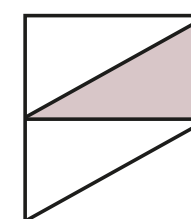
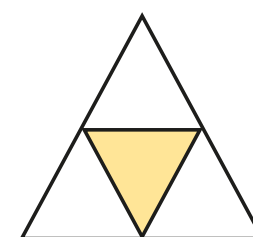
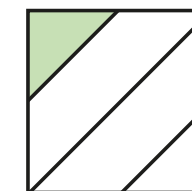
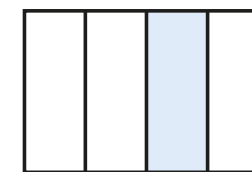
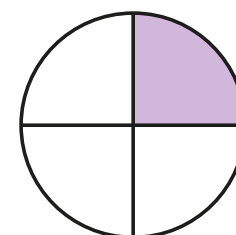
2 Colour  $\frac{1}{4}$  of each shape.



Does it matter which quarter you colour?  
Talk to a partner.



3 Tick the shapes that have  $\frac{1}{4}$  shaded.

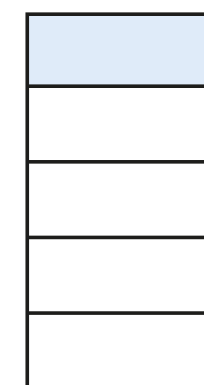


Talk about your answers with a partner.

4



This shape  
has  $\frac{1}{4}$  shaded




Do you agree with Whitney? \_\_\_\_\_

Why?

5 Do the shapes show  $\frac{1}{4}$ ?

Tick your answer.

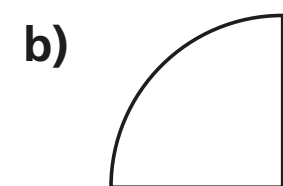
a)  Yes ☐ No ☐

b)  Yes ☐ No ☐

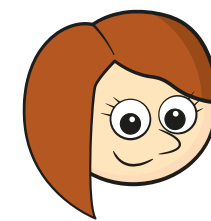
How did you work this out?

6 Only  $\frac{1}{4}$  of each shape has been drawn.

Draw the rest of each shape to make the whole shape.



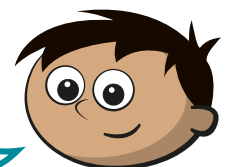
7



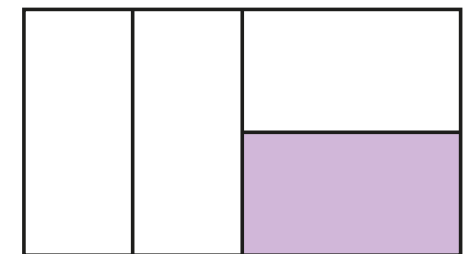
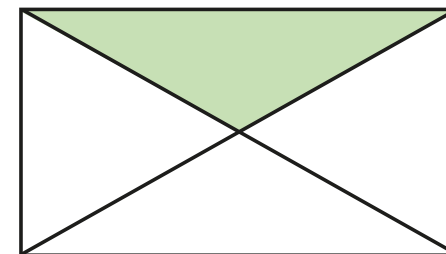
Rosie

$\frac{1}{4}$  of these shapes are shaded.

That is not possible as they do not look like equal parts.



Amir



a) Who is correct? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you know?

b) Find two more ways to split the rectangle into quarters.

Colour  $\frac{1}{4}$  of each shape.

